

THE *OREGON* *PLAN* for Salmon and Watersheds



**Western Oregon Adult Coho Salmon,
2018 Spawning Survey Data Report**

Report Number: OPSW-ODFW-2019-3



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November 2019**

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Funds contributed in part by:

Sport Fish and Wildlife Restoration Program administered by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service; Pacific Salmon Treaty and Pacific Coast Salmon Recovery Fund administered by the National Marine Fisheries Service; and State of Oregon (General and Lottery Funds).

Citation: Sounhein, B., M. Lewis and M. Weeber. 2019. Western Oregon adult Coho Salmon, 2018 spawning survey data report. Monitoring Program Report Number OPSW-ODFW-2019-3, Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife, Salem, Oregon.

SUMMARY

This report provides a summary of results from Coho Salmon spawning ground surveys conducted in Lower Columbia (Oregon side only) and Oregon Coast basins during the 2018 spawning season. For a discussion of the history, goals and methods of this long-term monitoring effort see prior reports (e.g. Sounhein et al. 2017). Results in this report are based on data from randomly selected spawning ground surveys as well as alternative methods in areas without random sampling. Results for Coho Salmon standard spawning ground surveys and spawning surveys for other species are covered in data summaries and reports posted on an Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW) web page (see: <http://odfw.forestry.oregonstate.edu/spawn/index.htm>).

Wild Coho spawner abundance in 2018 was low, at 55% of the 16-year average in the Lower Columbia River (LCR) Evolutionary Significant Unit (ESU), and 58% of the 28-year in the Oregon Coast (OC) Coho ESU. In the Oregon portion of the LCR Coho ESU there were insufficient surveys to meet precision goals. In the OC Coho ESU sufficient surveys were conducted to meet the precision goal for the ESU, 2 of 4 strata, and 2 of 21 populations. Surveys were not conducted in the Southern Oregon/Northern California Coast (SONCC) Coho ESU. Monitoring of wild Coho Salmon spawners in the SONCC Coho ESU is based on the Huntley Park seining estimate and those results are provided below.

INTRODUCTION AND METHODS

Monitoring of Western Oregon adult Coho Salmon occurs at three hierarchical spatial scales: Evolutionary Significant Unit; stratum; and population. There are three Coho Salmon ESUs located entirely or partially within the State of Oregon: the Lower Columbia River Coho ESU; the Oregon Coast Coho ESU; and the Southern Oregon/Northern California Coast Coho ESU. Boundaries and population structures of the Oregon Coho Salmon ESUs are presented in Figure 1. This report summarizes results for Coho Salmon populations in the portion of each ESU within Oregon.

A brief history of sampling designs is available in prior years ODFW status reports (e.g. Sounhein et al. 2017). Field methods for establishing and conducting salmon spawning ground surveys are described in ODFW procedures manuals (ODFW 2018a, ODFW 2018b). The trapezoidal Area-Under-the-Curve (AUC) technique is used to estimate the number of adult Coho Salmon spawning in a given stream segment throughout the spawning season (Jacobs et al. 2002). A more detailed description of how spawner estimates are derived, the criteria used for determining if sites are included in the estimate, methods for determining the proportion of hatchery origin spawners (pHOS) in naturally spawning populations, and the analysis methods for other metrics included in this report can be found in prior years ODFW status reports.

In areas where surveys are not conducted, other sources of monitoring data are used to document the number of adult Coho Salmon spawners. These include dam counts, mark-recapture estimates, and regressions of standard survey data to abundance estimates. There are currently five such locations in the LCR Coho ESU including: one dam (River Mill on the

Clackamas River), three hatchery weirs (Big Creek, Klaskanine, and Sandy hatcheries), and one OPSW life-cycle monitoring site (Bonnie Falls Trap). In these five locations, counts of adult Coho Salmon passed up-stream are added to the estimated abundance of Coho Salmon spawners below the facilities.

In the OC Coho ESU, random spawning ground surveys are conducted in most areas, except for the North Umpqua River above Winchester Dam and above the Alsea Hatchery weir. Winchester Dam counts and results of surveys below the dam, are used to document the number of adult Coho Salmon spawners in the North Umpqua population. The Winchester Dam count is adjusted for Coho Salmon collected and retained at Rock Creek Hatchery, and for angler harvest of Coho Salmon in the North Umpqua River above Winchester Dam. The count of Coho Salmon passed above the Alsea Hatchery weir is added to the spawning survey estimate for the Alsea population. Coho Salmon spawner abundances for the Lakes stratum are calculated using regressions of long-term standard surveys to historic mark-recapture studies and habitat measurements for those locations (Jacobs et.al. 2002).

Long-term monitoring of Coho Salmon spawners in the SONCC Coho ESU currently relies on a mark-recapture effort, based on adipose fin-clipped Coho Salmon. Details of this method are described in Jacobs et.al. (2002); the method provides an estimate of adult Coho Salmon escapement to the Rogue basin above Huntley Park (river mile 8). These estimates are adjusted for Coho Salmon collected and retained at Cole Rivers Hatchery, as well as angler harvest in the Rogue basin above Huntley Park.

In addition to the surveys used in the abundance estimates, “calibration” surveys are conducted in the Mill Creek, Yaquina and Mill Creek, Siletz sub-basins to test the accuracy of survey-based AUC estimates. The purpose of these surveys is to compare known passage or mark-recapture counts with GRTS survey estimate methodology.

RESULTS

Results include data from random spawning ground surveys and data from other sources where random surveys are not conducted. Results are presented in Bullets, Tables and Figures. Results are summarized by Coho Salmon ESU, in four categories: Survey Effort, Spawner Abundance, Distribution and Timing, and Hatchery Proportion. Spatially, results are reported by ESU, stratum, and constituent Coho Salmon populations. The individual components that comprise the results can be found in Appendices A, B, and C (by Coho Salmon ESU). Ancillary data is presented in Appendix D.

Stream flow levels were generally very low for the 2018 season, with essentially no significant flow events until mid-December. Flow levels were particularly low in October and November, often well below half of normal flow levels. Temperatures were generally slightly below normal for the entire survey season, October 2018 through January 2019. Precipitation was also generally low for the season, particularly in November and December at about half the normal rainfall for this time of year. These weather patterns made for few challenges for crews in the 2018 season, and were thus generally conducive to conducting spawning ground surveys.

The standard inclusion criteria was used to determine which sites were included in abundance estimates. Low coho abundances in 2018 resulted in small samples sizes for determining pHOS. Thus standard criteria were used in all areas except 7 of 24 populations in the OC Coho ESU, and 2 of 6 populations in the LC Coho ESU.

Survey Effort

Lower Columbia River Coho ESU

- Survey effort was similar to recent years (Table 1).
- Percent of sites successfully surveyed was above the prior 5-year average (Table D-1).
- Surveys were not conducted in two populations (Youngs Bay and Big Creek) due to budget constraints.
- Conditions were generally amenable to survey protocols.

Oregon Coast Coho ESU

- Survey effort was similar to recent years (Table 4).
- Percent of sites successfully surveyed was similar to prior 5-year average (Table D-2).
- All populations were surveyed.
- Conditions were generally amenable to survey protocols.

Southern Oregon/Northern California Coast Coho ESU

- No random survey effort in 2018.

Spawner Abundance

Lower Columbia River Coho ESU

- Total wild adult coho spawner abundance (4,022) was 55% of the previous 16-year average (7,332 wild adults, Table 3 and Figure 2).
- Spawner abundance estimates were less than half the long-term averages in all but one population. The Clackamas population was slightly below the 16 year average (Table 3).
- Three populations set new record low wild spawners abundances for the 17 year period of monitoring (2002 through 2018); Clatskanie, Scappoose and Lower Gorge Populations

Oregon Coast Coho ESU

- Total wild adult coho spawner abundance (74,060) was 58% of the previous 28-year average (127,480 wild adults, Table 6 and Figure 5).
- Wild spawner abundance was below average in 23 of 24 populations (Table 6).
- Abundance in the Umpqua Stratum was the closest to average (88%) and the North Coast Stratum was furthest from average (38%), see Table 6.

Southern Oregon/Northern California Coast Coho ESU

- Total wild adult coho spawner abundance (8,226) was above the 24-year average (6,183 wild adults, Table 7 and Figure 9).

Calibration Sites

- In 2018 the AUC estimates averaged 77% of the dam count or mark recapture abundance at the two calibration sites (Table 8). Similar to the 5 year (2014-2018) average of 79%.

Distribution and Timing

Lower Columbia River Coho ESU

- There were no strong peaks in spawn timing, just fairly flat during the normal peak period (Figure 4).
- Wild coho site occupancy at the ESU scale was about half the average (Table 2). Wild occupancy ranged from 6% in the Coast Stratum to 100% in the Gorge Stratum.

Oregon Coast Coho ESU

- Spawn timing in was similar to the long term average (Figure 8).
- Wild coho site occupancy at the ESU scale was slightly below average (Table 5) and was more variable at the strata and population scales. Site occupancy in 17 of 24 populations was below average (Table 5).

Southern Oregon/Northern California Coast Coho ESU

- No distribution or timing data available; no random survey effort in 2018.

Hatchery Proportion

Lower Columbia River Coho ESU

- Sample sizes for pHOS estimation at the population scale were sufficient in most areas.
- The proportion of hatchery coho on spawning grounds in the ESU was 10.7%, well below the 16-year average of 25.8% (Table 3). However, the 2018 results do not include two populations, Youngs Bay and Big Creek, which typically contribute a large portion of hatchery spawners to the ESU total.
- Among individual populations, the lowest pHOS occurred in the Scappoose (0%), while the highest occurred in the Clatskanie (67.9%) (Table 3).

Oregon Coast Coho ESU

- Sample sizes for pHOS estimation at the population scale were sufficient in most areas.
- The proportion of hatchery coho on spawning grounds in the ESU was 0.6%, well below the 28-year average of 10.1% (Table 6).
- At the population and strata scale, pHOS was below the 28-year average in all cases. Only two populations had a pHOS higher than 5% in 2018, the North and South Umpqua. Both were still less than 10% pHOS (Table 6).
- In the OC ESU, pHOS has generally been decreasing over time, and has consistently been below 5% since 2008 (Figure 5).

Southern Oregon/Northern California Coast Coho ESU

- The proportion of hatchery fish on spawning grounds in the ESU was 1.3%, well below the 24-year average of 5.4% (Table 7).

REFERENCES

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Table 1. Lower Columbia River Coho ESU, GRTS spawning survey goals and results for number of surveys and 95% C.I., 2018 run year. Target response sites are reaches within Coho Salmon spawning habitat which were successfully surveyed.

Stratum	Population	Goal	Target response				95% CI as percent of point estimate (goal is +/- 30%)			
			2018	2013 to 2017			2018	2013 to 2017		
				Avg.	Min.	Max.		Avg.	Min.	Max.
Coast	Youngs Bay	0	0	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Big Creek	0	0	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	Clatskanie	18	21	19	11	22	74%	32%	21%	47%
	Scappoose	20	15	17	14	20	103%	54%	46%	67%
	Total	38	36	36	27	40	76%	34%	24%	41%
Cascade	Clackamas	30	26	25	18	30	72%	68%	33%	110%
	Sandy	30	35	28	21	34	52%	47%	40%	54%
	Total	60	61	51	44	58	41%	36%	33%	42%
Gorge	Lower Gorge	2	1	3	0	6	n.a.	69%	9%	99%
	Hood	2	3	2	0	3	1%	71%	0%	191%
	Total	4	4	4	0	8	1%	80%	71%	88%
ESU Total		102	101	91	85	97	33%	25%	16%	34%

n.a. = Not available (no surveys were selected in the population, less than 2 surveys stayed in rotation, or the abundance estimate was 0).

Table 2. Lower Columbia River Coho ESU adult Coho Salmon occupancy (total & wild) by population, stratum, and ESU for the 2018 run year and previous 5 year average (2013–17). Occupancy = a peak of 4 or more adult Coho Salmon per mile. Wild Occupied = occupied sites with at least one wild Coho Salmon. N.A = Not available, population was not monitored.

ESU, Stratum, and TRT Population	2018 No. sites surveyed	5 yr. avg. No. sites surveyed	Total Coho Salmon		Wild Coho Salmon	
			2018 % Occupied	5 yr. avg. % Occupied	2018 % Occupied	5 yr. avg. % Occupied
Lower Columbia R. ESU	101	95	26%	48%	23%	46%
Coast Stratum	36	36	11%	59%	6%	58%
Youngs Bay	0	0	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Big Creek	0	0	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Clatskanie River	22	21	14%	66%	5%	65%
Scappoose Creek	14	16	7%	52%	7%	50%
Cascade Stratum	61	55	30%	37%	28%	36%
Clackamas River	26	27	19%	32%	19%	32%
Sandy River	35	28	37%	41%	34%	39%
Gorge Stratum	4	4	100%	78%	100%	70%
Lower Gorge tribs.	1	3	100%	79%	100%	63%
Hood River	3	2	100%	83%	100%	83%

Table 3. Lower Columbia River Coho ESU estimated abundance of adult Coho Salmon spawning naturally by ESU, stratum, and population in the 2018 run year compared to the previous 16 years.

Geographic scale ESU/Stratum/Population		Spawning year			
		2018	2002 to 2017		
			Avg.	Min.	Max.
Lower Columbia River ESU (Oregon Only)	Wild	4,022 *	7,332	2,988	21,849
	Hatchery	480 *	2,883	285	12,230
	% Hat.	10.7% *	25.8%	7.8%	65.6%
Coast Stratum *	Wild	n.a.	1,836	1,140	3,993
	Hatchery	n.a.	838	89	3,420
	% Hat.	n.a.	27.8%	4.9%	74.4%
Youngs Bay *	Wild	n.a.	119	21	411
	Hatchery	n.a.	510	14	2,506
	% Hat.	n.a.	67.7%	21.9%	92.1%
Big Creek *	Wild	n.a.	300	98	792
	Hatchery	n.a.	317	66	936
	% Hat.	n.a.	46.0%	15.5%	89.8%
Clatskanie	Wild	25	884	167	3,246
	Hatchery	53	43	0	151
	% Hat.	67.9%	6.0%	0.0%	22.3%
Scappoose	Wild	178	701	210	1,960
	Hatchery	0	12	0	67
	% Hat.	0.0%	1.8%	0.0%	9.9%
Cascade Stratum	Wild	3,696	5,000	2,157	16,612
	Hatchery	376	1,710	139	10,871
	% Hat.	9.2%	21.4%	3.5%	71.2%
Clackamas	Wild	3,159	3,493	1,301	10,670
	Hatchery	330	1,606	50	10,871
	% Hat.	9.5%	24.8%	1.5%	75.8%
Sandy	Wild	537	1,507	382	5,942
	Hatchery	46	111	0	515
	% Hat.	7.9%	8.8%	0.0%	57.4%
Gorge Stratum	Wild	123	490	34	1,525
	Hatchery	51	700	25	2,555
	% Hat.	29.3%	50.6%	23.1%	72.9%
Lower Gorge Tribs.	Wild	16	293	30	920
	Hatchery	9	280	10	1,512
	% Hat.	36.0%	41.1%	6.2%	85.2%
Hood River	Wild	107	236	4	1,262
	Hatchery	42	420	0	1,298
	% Hat.	28.2%	56.0%	0.0%	85.3%

* = Does not include data for the Youngs Bay and Big Creek Populations. These populations were not sampled, 2013 through 2018 run years.

Table 4. Oregon Coast Coho ESU, GRTS spawning survey goals, responses, and estimate precision by population, 2018 run year. Target response sites are reaches within Coho Salmon spawning habitat which were successfully surveyed.

Stratum	Population	Goal	Target response				95% CI as percent of point estimate (goal is +/- 30%)			
			2018	2013 to 2017			2018	2013 to 2017		
				Avg.	Min.	Max.		Avg.	Min.	Max.
North Coast	Necanicum	13	18	16	11	21	34%	50%	24%	95%
	Nehalem	20	21	19	13	27	49%	44%	37%	51%
	Tillamook	20	25	20	14	27	56%	55%	36%	78%
	Nestucca	20	21	17	9	31	73%	48%	42%	57%
	NC Depend.	7	7	10	6	21	79%	92%	71%	104%
	Total	80	92	83	59	127	31%	28%	22%	39%
Mid-Coast	Salmon	9	11	11	7	17	92%	49%	23%	70%
	Siletz	20	26	20	12	29	35%	42%	36%	47%
	Yaquina	20	21	19	10	27	44%	47%	36%	55%
	Beaver	3	4	5	3	8	64%	47%	24%	61%
	Alsea	20	24	20	11	32	26%	28%	23%	33%
	Siuslaw	20	20	19	12	32	34%	37%	28%	52%
	MC Depend.	8	8	10	6	18	80%	69%	43%	103%
	Total	100	114	104	78	158	17%	18%	16%	22%
Lakes	Siltcoos	0	0	4	0	21	n.a.	46%	46%	46%
	Tahkenitch	0	0	1	0	5	n.a.	69%	69%	69%
	Tenmile	0	0	4	0	18	n.a.	48%	48%	48%
	Total	0	0	9	0	44	n.a.	31%	31%	31%
Umpqua	L. Umpqua	20	20	19	15	30	54%	44%	24%	78%
	M. Umpqua	20	14	15	6	22	73%	60%	35%	80%
	N. Umpqua	3	1	1	0	3	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
	S. Umpqua	20	20	18	9	30	72%	63%	37%	92%
	Total	63	55	53	30	84	40%	38%	22%	62%
Mid-South Coast	Coos	20	22	22	18	35	29%	53%	43%	69%
	Coquille	20	20	22	15	34	50%	45%	33%	57%
	Floras	17	5	12	1	22	58%	51%	38%	72%
	Sixes	8	4	9	3	19	65%	61%	25%	101%
	MS Depend	3	6	2	0	3	163%	160%	124%	195%
	Total	68	57	67	41	109	26%	33%	26%	37%
ESU Total		311	318	317	229	522	16%	15%	13%	18%

n.a. = Not available (no surveys were selected in the population, less than 2 surveys stayed in rotation, or the abundance estimate was 0).

Table 5. Oregon Coast Coho ESU adult Coho Salmon occupancy (total & wild) by population, stratum, and ESU for the 2018 run year and previous 5 year average (2013–17). Occupancy = a peak of 4 or more adult Coho Salmon per mile. Wild Occupied = occupied sites with at least one wild Coho Salmon.

ESU, Stratum, and TRT Population	2018 No. sites surveyed	5 yr. avg. No. sites surveyed	Total Coho Salmon		Wild Coho Salmon	
			2018 % Occupied	5 yr. avg. % Occupied	2018 % Occupied	5 yr. avg. % Occupied
Oregon Coast ESU	318	317	56.0%	68.2%	52.8%	66.7%
North Coast Stratum	92	83	46.7%	66.2%	42.4%	64.0%
Necanicum River	18	16	50.0%	74.9%	38.9%	72.7%
Nehalem River	21	19	61.9%	65.5%	61.9%	65.5%
Tillamook Bay	25	20	44.0%	67.6%	40.0%	63.7%
Nestucca River	21	17	33.3%	70.1%	28.6%	66.8%
NC Dependents	7	10	42.9%	47.2%	42.9%	43.8%
Mid-Coast Stratum	114	104	68.4%	78.9%	66.7%	77.5%
Salmon River	11	11	18.2%	68.0%	18.2%	62.4%
Siletz River	26	20	76.9%	86.7%	76.9%	86.7%
Yaquina River	21	19	76.2%	82.8%	76.2%	81.8%
Beaver Creek	4	5	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	93.3%
Alsea River	24	20	83.3%	90.8%	83.3%	90.8%
Siuslaw River	20	19	70.0%	73.8%	65.0%	72.5%
MC Dependents	8	10	25.0%	40.3%	12.5%	37.5%
Lakes Stratum	0	9	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Siltcoos Lake	0	4	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Tahkenitch Lake	0	1	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Tenmile Lake	0	4	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Umpqua Stratum	55	53	43.6%	54.9%	41.8%	53.5%
Lower Umpqua River	20	19	65.0%	72.0%	60.0%	70.9%
Mid. Umpqua River	14	15	42.9%	42.4%	42.9%	42.4%
North Umpqua River	1	1	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
South Umpqua River	20	18	25.0%	46.1%	25.0%	42.9%
Mid-South Stratum	57	67	57.9%	63.7%	52.6%	62.3%
Coos River	22	22	68.2%	70.3%	68.2%	68.2%
Coquille River	20	22	60.0%	68.2%	55.0%	68.2%
Floras Creek	5	12	60.0%	80.1%	60.0%	74.9%
Sixes River	4	9	75.0%	36.2%	25.0%	36.2%
MSC Dependents	6	2	0.0%	8.3%	0.0%	8.3%

Table 6. Oregon Coast Coho ESU estimated abundance of adult Coho Salmon spawning naturally by ESU, stratum, and population for the 2018 run year compared to the previous 28 years.

Geographic scale ESU/Stratum/Population	Coho salmon origin	Spawning year			
		2018	1990 to 2017		
			Avg.	Min.	Max.
Oregon Coast Coho ESU	Wild	74,060	127,480	21,139	359,692
	Hatchery	438	8,814	386	26,128
	% Hat.	0.6%	10.1%	0.6%	31.4%
North Coast Stratum	Wild	7,952	20,959	1,524	67,370
	Hatchery	2	1,988	0	15,563
	% Hat.	0.0%	18.0%	0.0%	79.0%
Necanicum River	Wild	393	1,352	97	5,727
	Hatchery	0	112	0	501
	% Hat.	0.0%	15.5%	0.0%	40.1%
Nehalem River	Wild	4,190	10,663	527	32,517
	Hatchery	0	1,461	0	14,014
	% Hat.	0.0%	19.9%	0.0%	87.7%
Tillamook Bay	Wild	2,035	5,106	80	20,090
	Hatchery	0	290	0	1,498
	% Hat.	0.0%	16.2%	0.0%	68.9%
Nestucca River	Wild	1,072	2,781	160	16,698
	Hatchery	0	49	0	274
	% Hat.	0.0%	5.6%	0.0%	15.3%
North Coast Dependents	Wild	262	608	0	4,607
	Hatchery	2	16	0	111
	% Hat.	0.8%	0.9%	0.0%	6.3%
Mid-Coast Stratum	Wild	22,038	36,229	2,444	121,963
	Hatchery	14	1,961	0	9,633
	% Hat.	0.1%	12.9%	0.0%	50.1%
Salmon River	Wild	103	594	5	3,680
	Hatchery	0	576	0	2,621
	% Hat.	0.0%	56.8%	0.0%	97.6%
Siletz River	Wild	4,064	6,273	207	33,094
	Hatchery	0	244	0	962
	% Hat.	0.0%	15.6%	0.0%	58.4%
Yaquina River	Wild	4,672	6,062	317	25,582
	Hatchery	0	164	0	1,526
	% Hat.	0.0%	6.9%	0.0%	25.0%
Beaver Creek	Wild	494	1,773	90	6,564
	Hatchery	0	46	0	405
	% Hat.	0.0%	3.5%	0.0%	23.8%
Alsea River	Wild	5,112	6,723	108	28,337
	Hatchery	0	301	0	2,214
	% Hat.	0.0%	15.1%	0.0%	93.8%
Siuslaw River	Wild	6,635	12,804	501	55,445
	Hatchery	0	549	0	4,136
	% Hat.	0.0%	10.0%	0.0%	37.6%
Mid Coast Dependents	Wild	958	1,510	51	8,179
	Hatchery	14	27	0	118
	% Hat.	1.4%	1.6%	0.0%	5.9%

Table 6. Continued

Geographic scale ESU/Stratum/Population	Coho salmon origin	Spawning year			
		2018	1990 to 2017		
			Avg.	Min.	Max.
Lakes Stratum	Wild	6,704	13,981	1,302	38,744
	Hatchery	0	51	0	251
	% Hat.	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%	2.2%
Siltcoos Lake	Wild	2,256	3,855	385	7,998
	Hatchery	0	22	0	124
	% Hat.	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%	8.7%
Tahkenitch Lake	Wild	1,678	2,741	269	10,681
	Hatchery	0	12	0	107
	% Hat.	0.0%	0.5%	0.0%	3.1%
Tenmile Lake	Wild	2,770	7,134	318	20,385
	Hatchery	0	14	0	123
	% Hat.	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	3.4%
Umpqua Stratum	Wild	23,574	26,953	3,334	94,655
	Hatchery	422	4,373	257	17,758
	% Hat.	1.8%	17.5%	1.1%	36.0%
Lower Umpqua River	Wild	14,080	9,764	1,257	36,942
	Hatchery	0	242	0	1,484
	% Hat.	0.0%	3.1%	0.0%	15.7%
Middle Umpqua River	Wild	3,888	5,902	563	19,962
	Hatchery	0	202	0	1,259
	% Hat.	0.0%	4.2%	0.0%	20.6%
North Umpqua River	Wild	2,481	2,596	355	9,397
	Hatchery	211	2,984	50	14,094
	% Hat.	7.8%	47.8%	1.2%	84.3%
South Umpqua River	Wild	3,125	8,574	435	49,958
	Hatchery	211	809	0	7,040
	% Hat.	6.3%	13.3%	0.0%	57.2%
Mid-South Coast Stratum	Wild	13,792	29,357	4,890	82,077
	Hatchery	0	442	0	2,766
	% Hat.	0.0%	2.1%	0.0%	23.8%
Coos River	Wild	7,292	13,299	1,112	38,880
	Hatchery	0	191	0	1,387
	% Hat.	0.0%	2.2%	0.0%	36.4%
Coquille River	Wild	5,688	13,166	2,033	55,667
	Hatchery	0	166	0	1,832
	% Hat.	0.0%	1.8%	0.0%	15.4%
Floras Creek	Wild	628	2,486	340	11,329
	Hatchery	0	61	0	400
	% Hat.	0.0%	3.8%	0.0%	22.8%
Sixes River	Wild	174	179	34	567
	Hatchery	0	16	0	182
	% Hat.	0.0%	8.2%	0.0%	65.7%
Mid-South Coast Dependents	Wild	10	88	0	484
	Hatchery	0	1	0	9
	% Hat.	0.0%	1.0%	0.0%	4.6%

Table 7. Southern Oregon/Northern California Coasts Coho ESU estimated abundance of adult Coho Salmon spawning naturally in the 2018 run year compared to the previous 24 years. Rogue River Populations only. NA = Data not available at time of print.

Data component	Coho salmon origin	Spawning year			
		2018	1994 to 2017		
			Avg.	Min.	Max.
SONCC Coho ESU (Rogue Only)	Wild	8,226	6,183	394	24,231
	Hatchery	106	383	0	1,230
	% Hat.	1.3%	5.4%	0.0%	19.2%
Huntley Park Est. ¹	Total	8,591	11,170	572	33,601
	Wild	8,266	6,288	414	24,509
	Hatchery	325	4,882	158	14,013
Freshwater Catch ² Excluding Rogue Bay	Total	NA	305	67	862
	Wild	0	0	0	0
	Hatchery	NA	305	67	862
Cole Rivers Hatchery ³	Total	259	4,305	147	12,298
	Wild	40	105	0	370
	Hatchery	219	4,200	127	11,937

1 = Huntley Park mark-recapture estimate of Coho Salmon freshwater escapement to the Rogue Basin above Huntley Park (~ River Mile 8). This includes returns to Cole Rivers Hatchery, natural spawning grounds, freshwater harvest and mortality between Huntley and upriver areas.

2 = Estimated freshwater harvest of Coho Salmon in the Rouge basin (excluding the Rogue River Bay), based on Angler Harvest Cards (see: <https://www.dfw.state.or.us/resources/fishing/sportcatch.asp>). Selective harvest of only marked Coho Salmon since 2004.

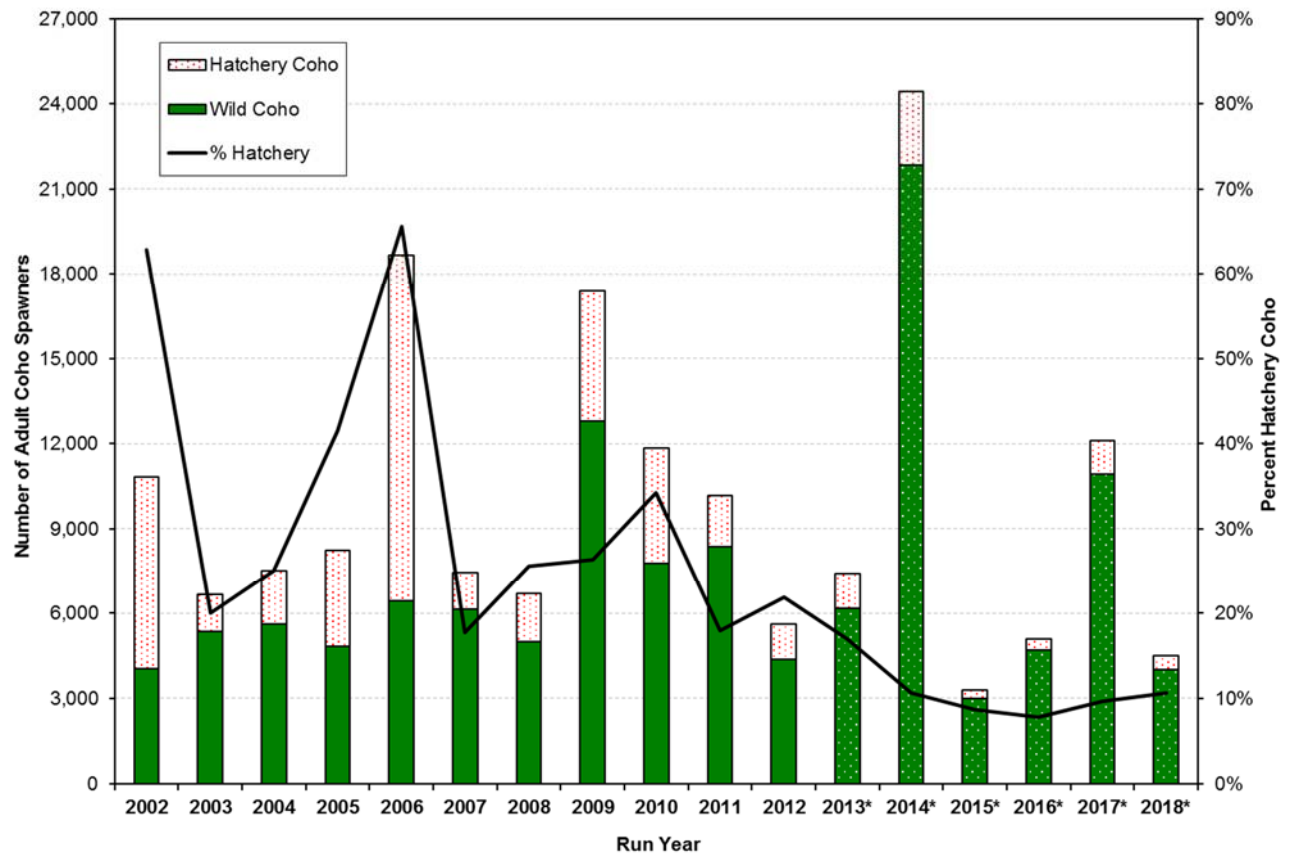
3 = Number of adult Coho Salmon collected and retained at Cole Rivers Hatchery. These numbers do not include Coho Salmon collected and released alive back into the wild.

Table 8. Comparison of two independent coho abundance estimates at each of two life-cycle monitoring sites in the Oregon Coast Coho ESU. Estimate based on AUC protocol compared to a Mark-Recapture estimate (Mill Cr., Siletz R.) or a Dam Count (Mill Cr., Yaquina R.).

Spawning Year	Mill Creek (Siletz R.)			Mill Creek (Yaquina R.)		
	M-R Est.	AUC Est.	AUC/M-R	Dam Cnt.	AUC Est.	AUC/Dam
2014	1,844	1,642	89%	1,471	1,677	114%
2015	316	196	62%	275	142	52%
2016	451	440	98%	760	607	80%
2017	518	471	91%	405	211	52%
2018	363	276	76%	382	298	78%
Mean	698	605	83%	659	587	75%



Figure 1. Coho salmon monitoring study area showing the populations, strata, and evolutionarily significant units.



* Estimates for 2013 to 2018 do not include Big Creek and, Youngs Bay populations, and are therefore incomplete. These populations combined account for an average of 12% of the total estimate for the ESU (about 7% of the wild, and 27% of the hatchery components). Note: The Hood River and Lower Gorge populations were not sampled in 2017 due to safety concerns from wild fires.

Figure 2. Lower Columbia River Coho ESU estimated abundance of adult Coho Salmon spawning naturally by rearing origin for the 2002 through 2018 run years.

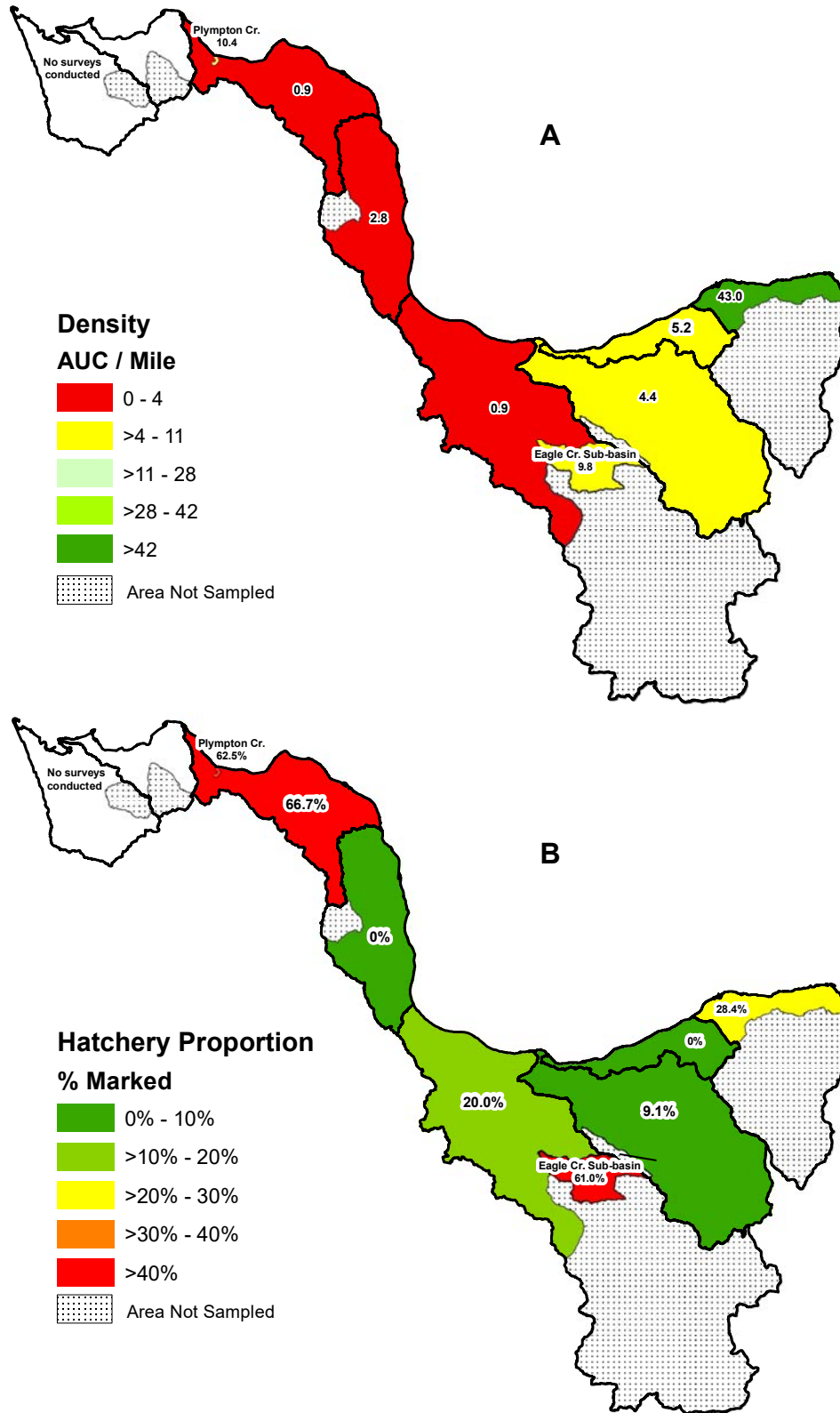


Figure 3. A) Coho salmon density (AUC/mile) in GRTS surveys by lower Columbia River TRT population, 2018. B) Percentage of marked adult coho salmon in GRTS surveys by lower Columbia River TRT population, 2018.

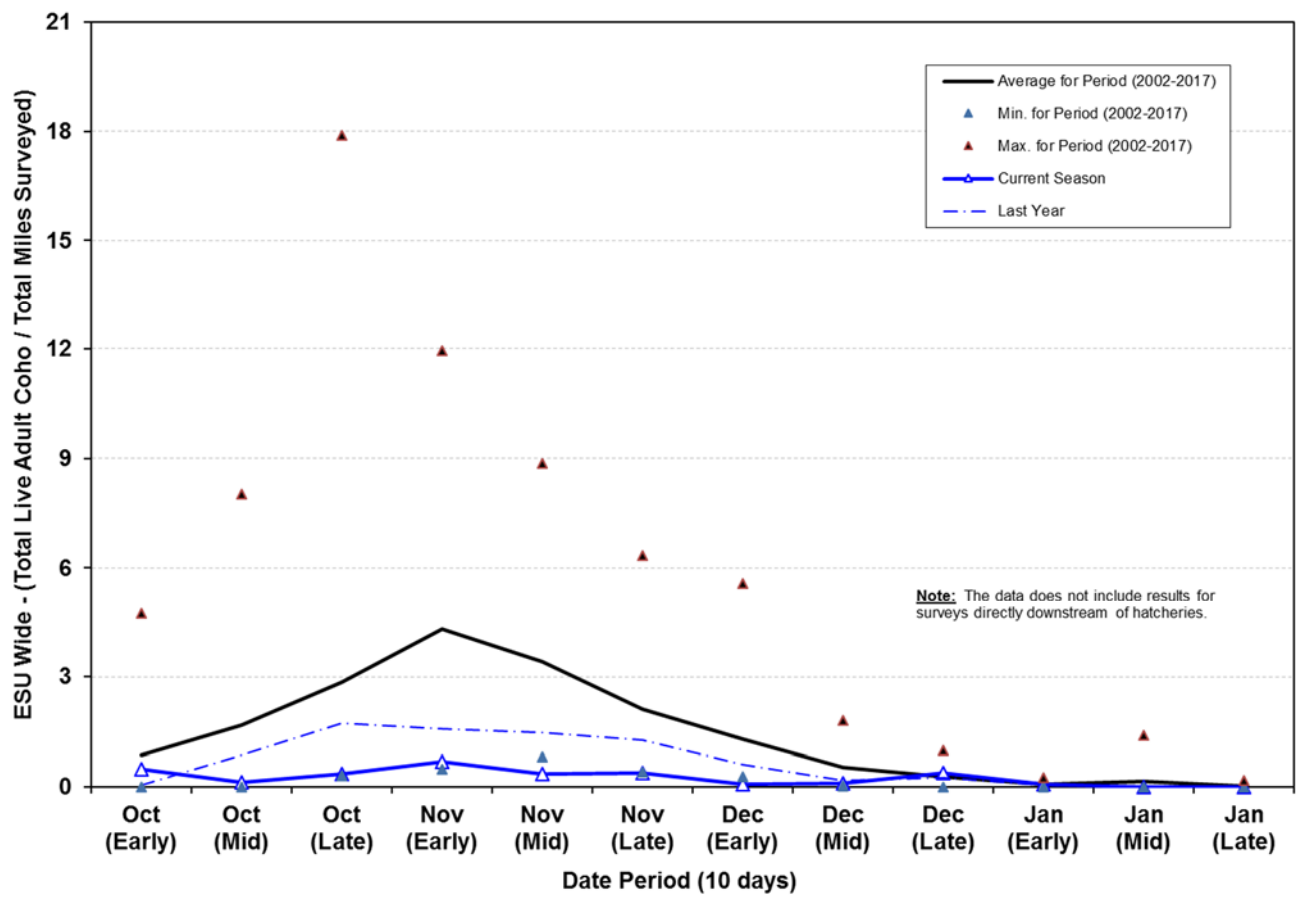


Figure 4. Spawn timing of live adult Coho Salmon in 2018 on GRTS spawning ground surveys in the Lower Columbia River Coho ESU.

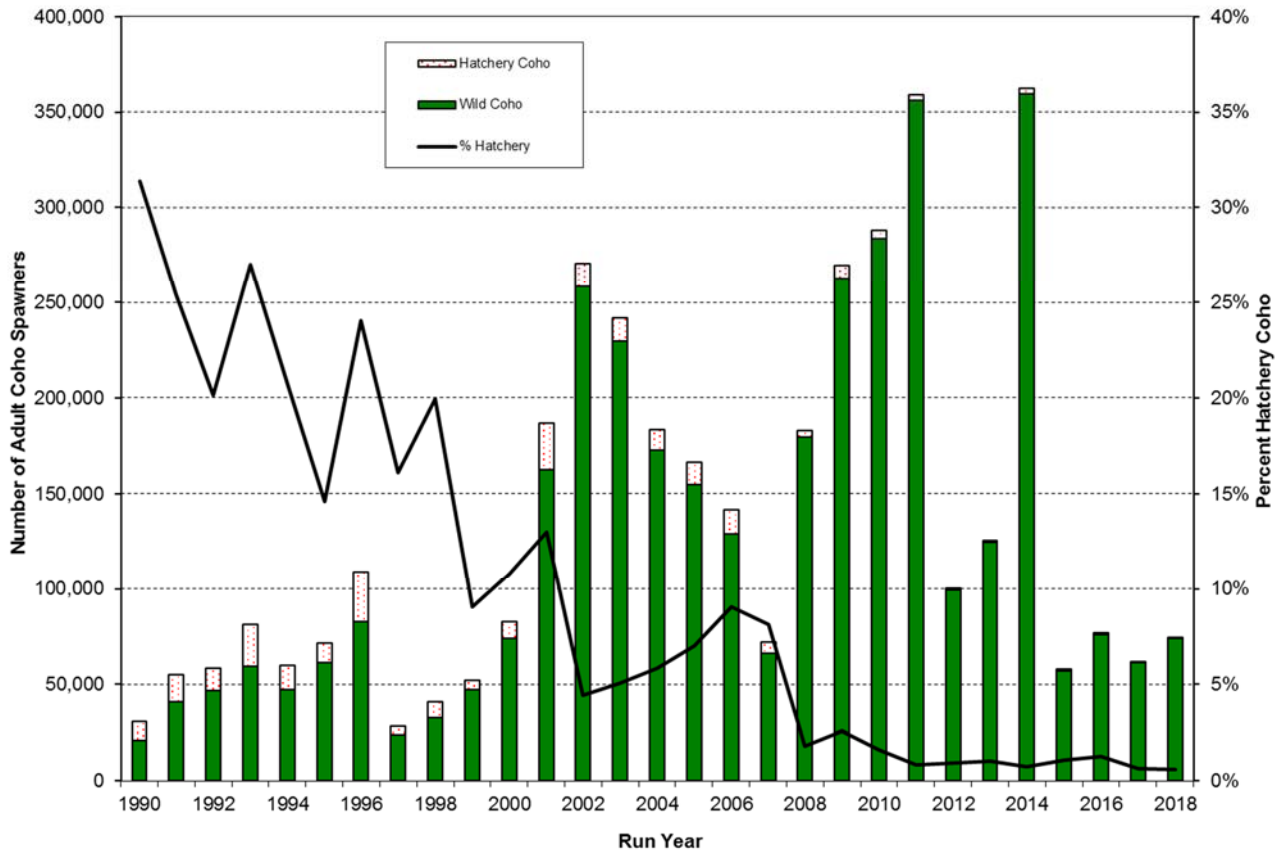


Figure 5. Oregon Coast Coho ESU estimated abundance of adult Coho Salmon spawning naturally by rearing origin for the 1990 through 2018 run years.

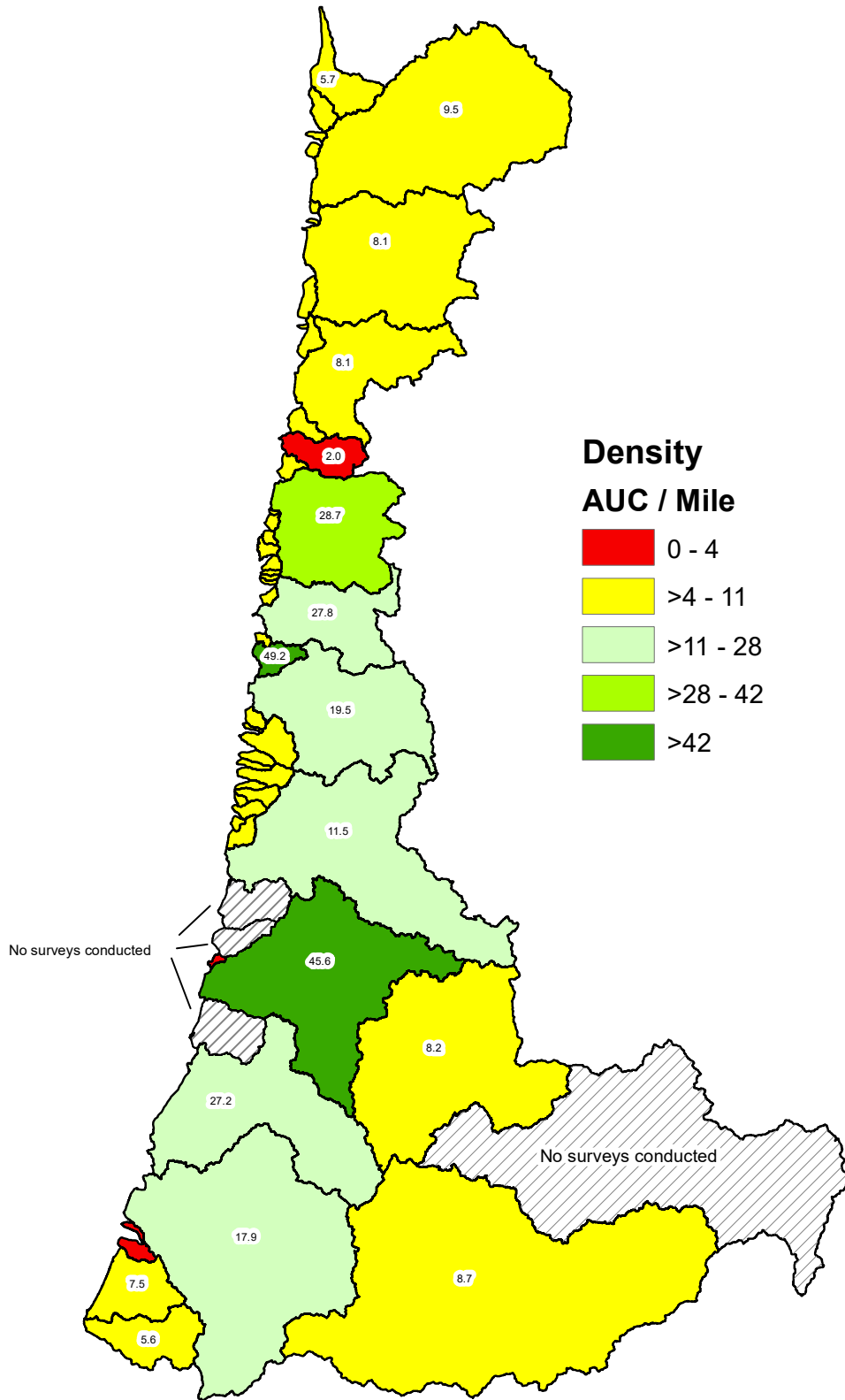


Figure 6. Coho salmon density (AUC/mile) in GRTS surveys by Oregon Coast TRT population, 2018. Functionally independent and potentially independent populations are labeled.

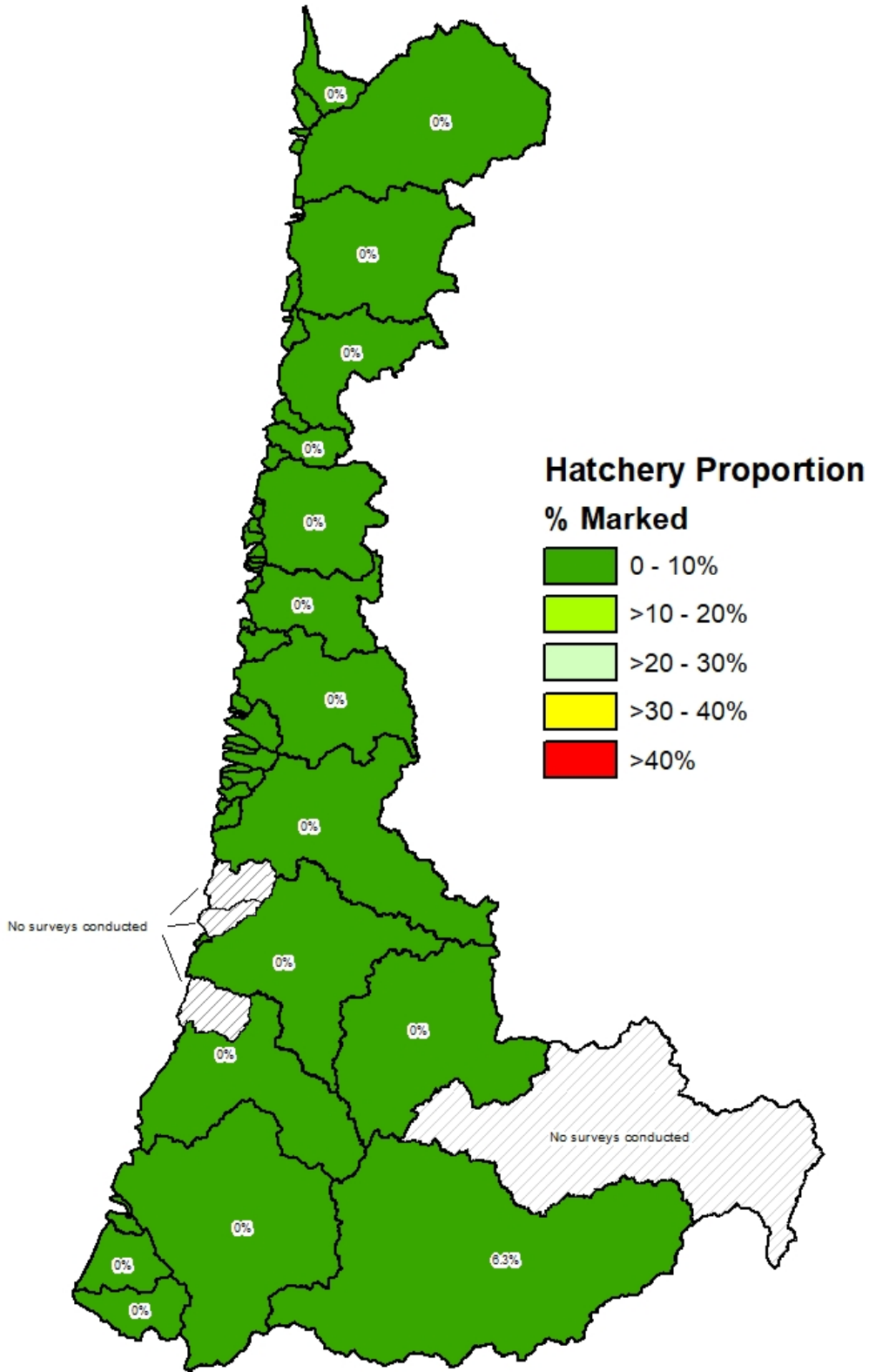


Figure 7. Percentage of marked adult coho salmon in GRTS surveys by Oregon Coast TRT population, 2018. Functionally independent and potentially independent populations are labeled.

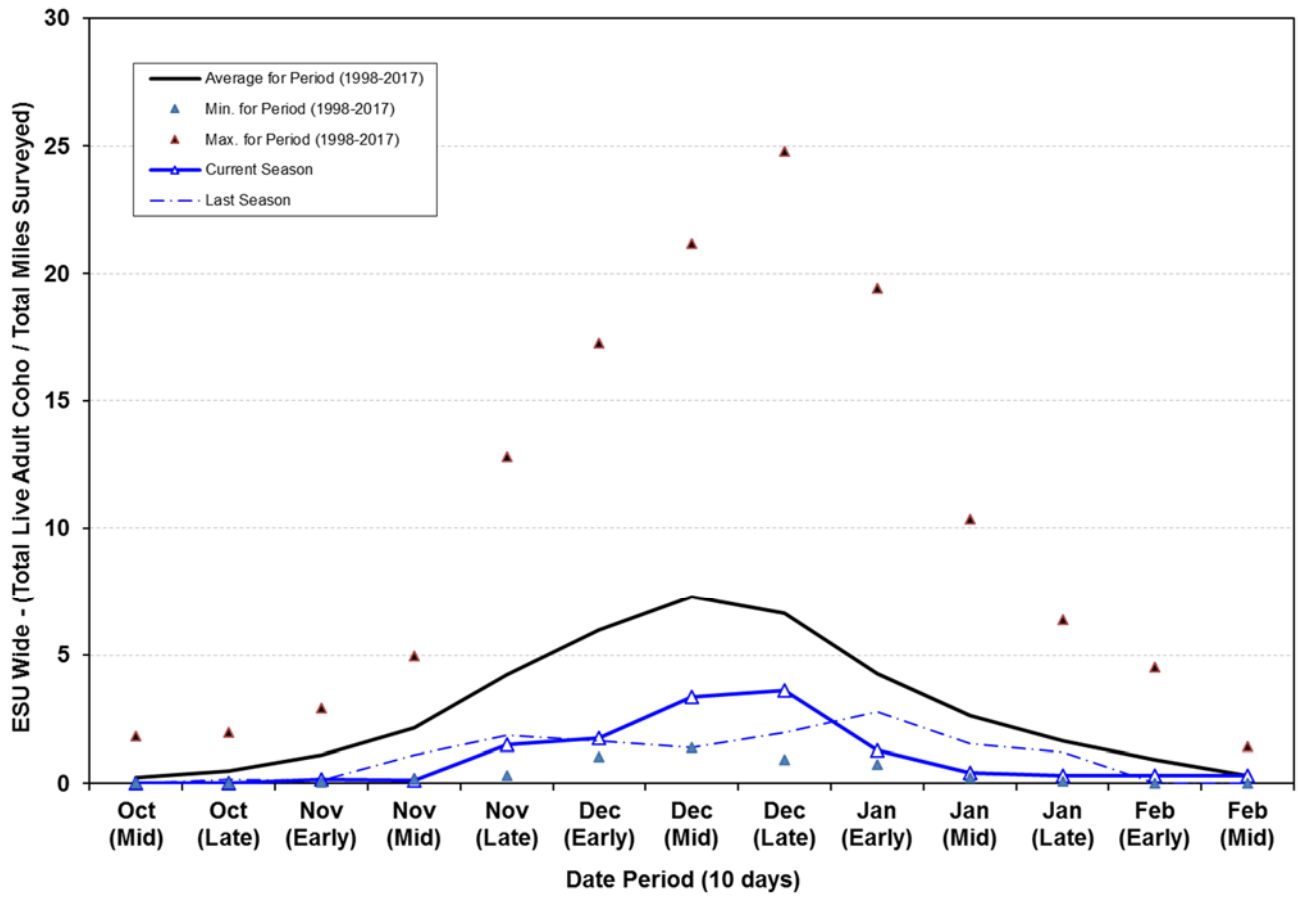


Figure 8. Spawn timing of live adult Coho Salmon in 2018 on GRTS spawning ground surveys in the Oregon Coast Coho ESU.

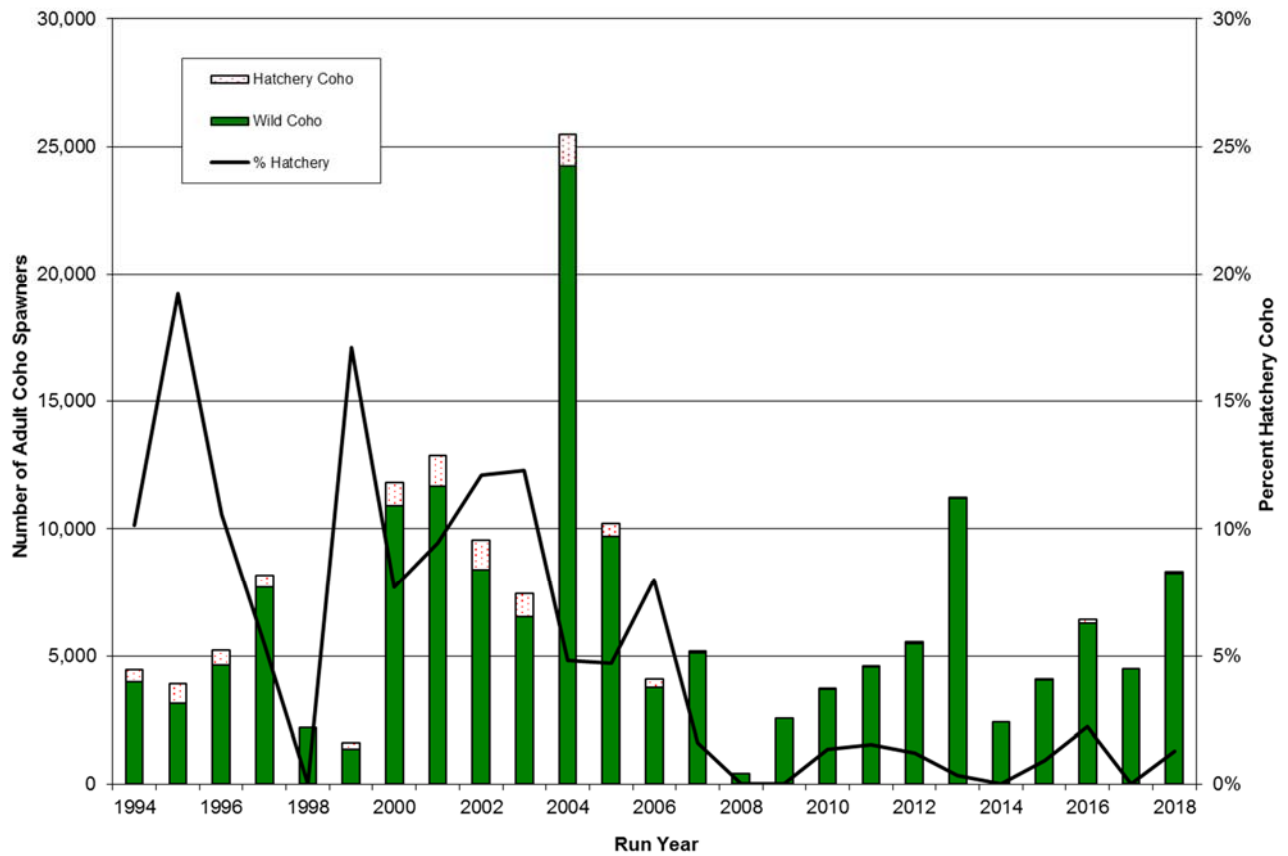


Figure 9. Southern Oregon/Northern California Coasts Coho ESU estimated abundance of adult Coho Salmon spawning naturally by rearing origin for the 1994 through 2018 run years. Abundance based on Huntley seining mark-recapture method.

APPENDIX A (LCR COHO ESU)

Table A-1. Results of randomly selected spawning ground surveys for Coho Salmon in the Oregon portion of the LCR Coho ESU, run year 2018. Estimates derived using GRTS protocol. Estimates of wild spawners derived through application of fin-mark observations. Missing values for populations indicate inadequate samples for determining total and/or wild abundance.

ESU, Stratum, and TRT Population	Survey effort number of		Adult Coho Salmon spawner abundance			
	Surveys	Miles	Total		Wild	
			Estimate	95% CI	Estimate	95% CI
Lower Columbia River ESU	101	84.5	1,483	486	1,020	322
Coast Stratum	36	28.6	225	170	181	164
Youngs Bay	0					
Big Creek	0					
Clatskanie River (ex. Plympton)	21	18.1	66	49	22	16
Plympton Cr. (Clatskanie R.)	1	1.0				
Scappoose River	14	9.4	158	163	158	163
Cascade Stratum	61	52.5	1,108	456	732	278
Clackamas River (ex. Eagle Cr.)	21	15.6	112	62	90	49
Eagle Creek (Clackamas R.)	5	5.3	495	370	187	140
Sandy River	35	31.6	502	258	456	235
Gorge Stratum	4	3.5	149	2	107	1
Lower Gorge	1	0.5				
Hood River	3	3.0	149	2	107	1

Table A-2. Number of unmarked adult Coho Salmon passed upstream of counting stations into areas without GRTS spawning surveys. Oregon portion of the LCR Coho ESU, run year 2018.

ESU, Stratum, and TRT Population	Counting station	Spawning year			
		2018	2002 to 2017		
			Avg.	Min.	Max.
Lower Columbia River ESU					
Coast Stratum					
Youngs Bay	Klaskanine Hatchery	9	23	2	68
Big Creek	Big Creek Hatchery	49	225	46	606
Scappoose River	Bonnie Falls Trap	20	48	2	136
Cascade Stratum					
Clackamas River	N Fk Clackamas Dam	2,882	2,715	835	8,230
Sandy River	Sandy Hatchery ^a	81	168	36	539
	Marmot Dam	n.a.	809	310	1,173
Gorge Stratum					
Hood River	Powerdale Dam	n.a.	52	27	126

a = Sandy Hatchery count through 2009 is number released above Marmot Dam, which was removed in 2006. Beginning in 2010, Sandy Hatchery switched the release site for these fish to above the hatchery weir on Cedar Creek.

n.a. = Not Applicable. Marmot dam was removed in 2006 and Powerdale Dam was removed in 2010, so there are no longer any dam counts.

Table A-3. Annual abundance estimates of naturally spawning wild adult Coho Salmon in the Oregon portion of the LCR Coho ESU, run years 2002 through 2018. n.a. = not available.

Return Year	Youngs Bay	Big Creek	Clatskanie*	Scappoose	Clackamas*	Sandy	Lower Gorge	Hood River
2002	411	98	167	500	1,985	382	338	147
2003	113	435	563	336	2,495	1,348	n.a.	41
2004	149	112	398	755	2,733	1,213	n.a.	126
2005	79	219	494	348	1,301	856	263	1,262
2006	74	225	421	719	3,464	923	226	373
2007	21	212	927	375	3,438	687	126	170
2008	82	360	995	294	1,800	1,277	223	69
2009	26	792	1,195	778	8,642	1,493	468	65
2010	68	279	1,686	1,960	4,009	901	920	223
2011	161	160	1,546	297	2,253	3,494	216	232
2012	129	409	619	210	1,663	1,165	96	169
2013	n.a.	n.a.	611	979	4,012	667	151	561
2014	n.a.	n.a.	3,246	1,587	10,672	5,942	362	42
2015	n.a.	n.a.	240	487	1,784	443	30	4
2016	n.a.	n.a.	464	1,200	1,628	939	395	57
2017	n.a.	n.a.	566	387	7,598	2,384	n.a.	n.a.
2018	n.a.	n.a.	25	178	3,159	537	16	107

* = Stratified abundance estimation. Plympton Creek estimated separately from the rest of the Clatskanie population and Eagle Creek estimated separately from the rest of the Clackamas population.

APPENDIX B (OC COHO ESU)

Table B-1. Results of randomly selected spawning ground surveys for Coho Salmon in the OC Coho ESU, run year 2018. Estimates derived using GRTS protocol. Estimates of wild spawners derived through application of fin-mark observations. Missing values for populations indicate inadequate samples for determining total and/or wild abundance.

ESU, Stratum, and TRT Population	Survey effort number of		Adult Coho Salmon spawner abundance			
	Surveys	Miles	Total		Wild	
			Estimate	95% CI	Estimate	95% CI
Oregon Coast ESU	318	230.9	65,053	10,235	63,056	10,162
North Coast Stratum	92	66.2	7,953	2,476	7,952	2,467
Necanicum River	18	11.4	393	134	393	134
Nehalem River	21	17.7	4,190	2,041	4,190	2,041
Tillamook Bay	25	17.2	2,035	1,135	2,035	1,135
Nestucca River	21	15.5	1,072	785	1,072	785
NC Dependents	7	4.4	264	208		
Mid-Coast Stratum	114	80.5	22,002	3,724	21,030	3,641
Salmon River	11	8.6	103	95	103	95
Siletz River	26	19.3	4,064	1,434	4,064	1,434
Yaquina River	21	13.4	4,672	2,078	4,672	2,078
Beaver Creek	4	2.1	494	318	494	318
Alsea River	24	17.8	5,062	1,327	5,062	1,327
Siuslaw River	20	11.6	6,635	2,240	6,635	2,240
MC Dependents	8	7.8	972	778		
Umpqua Stratum	55	38.0	21,304	8,482	21,094	8,440
Lower Umpqua River	20	13.2	14,080	7,627	14,080	7,627
Middle Umpqua River	14	11.6	3,888	2,836	3,888	2,836
North Umpqua River	1	0.7	0			
South Umpqua River	20	12.5	3,336	2,393	3,125	2,242
Mid-South Coast Stratum	57	46.2	13,793	3,580	12,980	3,560
Coos River	22	18.8	7,292	2,116	7,292	2,116
Coquille River	20	16.2	5,688	2,863	5,688	2,863
Floras Creek	5	1.9	628	361		
Sixes River	4	3.3	174	114		
MSC Dependents	6	5.9	10	16		

Table B-2. Comparison of 2018 run year wild adult Coho Salmon spawners in the Oregon Coastal Lakes populations based on GRTS surveys and calibrated standard surveys.

ESU, Stratum, & TRT Population	Survey goal	Survey effort number of		Adult Coho Salmon spawner abundance			
				Total		Wild	
		Surveys	Miles	Estimate	95% CI	Estimate	95% CI
GRTS Surveys							
Lakes Strata	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Siltcoos	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Tahkenitch	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Tenmile	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Standard Surveys							
Lakes Strata	14	8	6.6	6,704		6,704	
Siltcoos	5	2	2.5	2,256		2,256	
Tahkenitch	2	2	1.6	1,678		1,678	
Tenmile	7	4	2.5	2,770		2,770	

Table B-3. Estimates of adult Coho Salmon run size in the North Umpqua River derived through adjustment of Winchester Dam count. Dam count adjusted for adult Coho Salmon retained by hatchery operations and harvest above Winchester Dam, 2018 compared to the previous 5 years.

Data component	Coho salmon origin	Spawning year			
		2018	2013 to 2017		
			Avg.	Min.	Max.
North Umpqua Coho Salmon	Wild	2,481	2,537	1,148	3,979
	Hatchery	211	214	50	618
	% Hat.	7.8%	8.0%	1.2%	18.2%
GRTS Estimate below Winchester Dam ¹	Total	0	67	0	298
	Wild	0	67	0	298
	Hatchery	0	0	0	0
Winchester Dam ²	Total	2,692	2,715	1,252	3,786
	Wild	2,481	2,470	1,148	3,681
	Hatchery	211	245	104	622
Freshwater Catch ³ Above Winchester Dam	Total	n.a.	29	4	60
	Wild	n.a.	0	0	0
	Hatchery	n.a.	29	4	60
Rock Creek Hatchery ⁴	Total	0	2	0	10
	Wild	0	0	0	0
	Hatchery	0	2	0	10

1 = Estimate of adult Coho Salmon observed in GRTS surveys below Winchester Dam (Sutherlin Creek and tributaries).

2 = Counts of adult Coho Salmon by mark type (marked = hatchery, unmarked = wild) at Winchester Dam on the North Umpqua River.

3 = Estimated freshwater harvest of Coho Salmon in the North Umpqua basin above Winchester Dam based on Angler Harvest Cards (see: <http://www.dfw.state.or.us/resources/fishing/sportcatch.asp>). Selective harvest of mark Coho Salmon began in 2004.

4 = Number of adult Coho Salmon collected from the North Umpqua population (at Rock Creek and at Winchester Dam) and retained at Rock Creek Hatchery. These numbers do not include Coho Salmon collected and released alive back into the wild.

Table B-4. Annual abundance estimates of naturally spawning wild adult Coho Salmon in the Oregon Coast Coho ESU, run years 1990 through 2018. n.a. = not available. *Numbers in italics are partial estimates of spawners in dependent populations.*

Stratum and Population	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
North Coast											
Necanicum River	126	752	133	512	269	181	416	97	575	351	359
Nehalem River	1,158	6,837	1,392	3,049	2,844	1,700	527	1,187	1,206	3,555	14,462
Tillamook Bay	80	1,577	176	571	1,105	341	733	437	358	1,831	2,178
Nestucca River	160	618	604	340	266	1,537	440	230	202	2,357	1,219
NC Dependents	0	444	24	41	77	108	275	61	0	47	0
Mid-Coast											
Salmon River	19	5	11	13	91	105	82	16	86	14	179
Siletz River	228	410	2,386	207	621	314	395	298	316	1,209	3,387
Yaquina River	318	317	528	458	2,040	4,723	4,578	419	510	2,563	637
Beaver Creek	90	484	618	275	675	308	1,296	497	401	1,511	1,464
Alsea River	775	1,011	6,273	694	828	441	1,060	601	108	1,341	3,363
Siuslaw River	2,269	2,808	3,554	4,600	3,159	6,161	7,234	501	1,020	2,980	6,532
MC Dependents	487	51	1,037	467	317	348	1,364	112	173	150	91
Umpqua											
Lower Umpqua River	1,678	3,123	1,797	7,877	2,762	10,854	7,985	1,257	4,552	2,623	5,781
Middle Umpqua River	1,222	4,546	5,275	2,947	2,162	3,250	5,086	563	1,257	1,748	4,555
North Umpqua River	355	1,301	1,579	906	899	1,293	1,069	577	765	1,194	1,677
South Umpqua River	2,934	2,233	435	3,723	1,081	4,715	7,040	937	3,177	3,011	2,581
Lakes											
Siltcoos	1,578	2,868	385	3,569	1,302	4,415	4,707	2,653	3,122	2,756	3,835
Tahkenitch	1,085	1,215	317	954	1,056	1,577	1,627	1,842	2,817	3,664	634
Tenmile	1,687	3,033	1,271	5,544	3,354	5,092	7,092	4,092	5,169	6,123	8,278
Mid-South Coast											
Coos River	2,243	2,426	16,722	14,932	14,500	10,302	12,128	1,112	2,985	4,818	4,704
Coquille River	2,589	4,782	2,033	7,291	5,119	2,034	15,814	5,720	2,412	2,667	6,253
Floras Creek	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	2,653	1,351	1,519	482	879	670	1,477
Sixes River	58	35	92	253	238	77	194	143	558	56	136
MSC Dependents	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

Table B-4. Continued.

Stratum and Population	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
North Coast											
Necanicum River	4,832	2,047	2,377	2,198	1,218	750	431	1,055	3,827	4,445	2,120
Nehalem River	21,928	17,164	32,517	18,736	10,451	11,614	14,033	17,205	21,753	32,215	15,322
Tillamook Bay	1,944	13,334	13,008	2,532	1,995	8,774	2,295	4,828	16,251	14,890	19,250
Nestucca River	4,164	16,698	10,194	4,695	686	1,876	394	1,844	4,252	1,947	7,857
NC Dependents	71	16	0	661	2,116	1,121	376	639	2,052	1,473	1,341
Mid-Coast											
Salmon River	225	543	42	1,642	79	513	59	652	753	1,382	3,636
Siletz River	1,595	2,129	8,038	8,179	14,567	5,205	2,197	20,634	24,070	6,283	33,094
Yaquina River	3,589	23,800	16,484	5,539	3,441	4,247	3,158	10,913	11,182	8,589	19,074
Beaver Creek	1,832	3,217	5,552	4,569	2,264	1,950	611	1,218	3,575	2,072	2,389
Alsea River	3,228	9,073	10,281	5,233	13,907	1,972	2,146	13,320	14,638	9,688	28,337
Siuslaw River	10,606	55,445	29,003	8,729	16,907	5,869	3,552	17,491	30,607	25,983	28,082
MC Dependents	816	5,308	1,852	8,179	246	1,468	546	3,910	1,610	2,548	4,487
Umpqua											
Lower Umpqua River	11,639	18,881	16,494	8,989	18,591	7,994	4,237	9,023	19,245	17,516	18,715
Middle Umpqua River	8,940	10,738	11,090	6,375	7,608	4,852	1,587	4,472	15,075	18,123	19,962
North Umpqua River	2,634	3,368	2,862	3,559	1,969	3,000	1,410	3,438	7,720	9,397	6,020
South Umpqua River	11,871	10,517	4,337	10,997	14,364	2,246	4,549	20,935	15,944	24,983	49,958
Lakes											
Siltcoos	5,104	4,636	6,628	7,998	4,364	5,452	1,447	3,873	5,197	7,678	6,354
Tahkenitch	3,510	3,480	3,188	3,496	1,897	3,611	3,551	2,604	2,977	10,681	6,644
Tenmile	10,990	13,861	6,260	7,148	8,464	15,064	3,957	17,131	9,175	20,385	7,284
Mid-South Coast											
Coos River	33,595	33,120	25,761	23,337	17,048	11,266	1,329	14,881	26,979	27,658	10,999
Coquille River	13,833	7,676	22,403	22,138	11,806	28,577	13,968	8,791	22,286	23,564	55,667
Floras Creek	5,664	3,272	952	7,446	506	1,104	340	786	3,203	11,329	9,217
Sixes River	95	95	86	403	105	294	97	43	176	92	334
MSC Dependents	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	0	188	484	100

Table B-4. Concluded.

Stratum and Population	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
North Coast							
Necanicum River	902	798	5,727	847	936	529	393
Nehalem River	2,963	4,539	30,577	3,079	7,549	5,486	4,190
Tillamook Bay	1,686	4,402	20,090	1,345	7,102	2,927	2,035
Nestucca River	1,751	946	6,369	1,029	2,412	4,495	1,072
NC Dependents	218	271	4,607	440	699	206	262
Mid-Coast							
Salmon River	297	1,165	3,680	332	1,054	450	103
Siletz River	4,495	7,660	19,496	2,216	3,015	5,202	4,064
Yaquina River	6,268	3,553	25,582	2,400	3,730	2,491	4,672
Beaver Creek	1,878	2,015	6,564	332	1,709	1,553	494
Alsea River	8,470	9,283	25,855	6,185	7,375	4,377	5,112
Siuslaw River	11,946	14,118	38,896	10,352	9,141	7,129	6,635
MC Dependents	492	1,929	1,890	856	464	1,646	958
Umpqua							
Lower Umpqua River	3,731	7,792	36,942	3,725	4,422	10,848	14,080
Middle Umpqua River	2,447	4,272	13,939	2,245	1,159	1,788	3,888
North Umpqua River	3,134	2,774	3,979	3,012	1,148	1,772	2,481
South Umpqua River	11,636	12,178	11,412	5,878	765	1,084	3,125
Lakes							
Siltcoos	3,945	3,797	7,178	1,558	2,421	715	2,256
Tahkenitch	5,675	3,413	3,691	1,085	1,249	269	1,678
Tenmile	9,302	6,449	11,141	2,086	4,374	318	2,770
Mid-South Coast							
Coos River	9,414	6,884	38,880	3,030	4,624	2,689	7,292
Coquille River	5,911	23,637	41,660	3,357	9,494	4,641	5,688
Floras Creek	2,502	1,936	1,022	1,585	942	693	628
Sixes River	34	567	410	168	120	69	174
MSC Dependents	48	32	105	0	0	0	10

APPENDIX C (SONCC COHO ESU)

Table C-1. Estimates of adult Coho Salmon run size in the Rogue River derived from Huntley Park seining and returns to Cole Rivers Hatchery, 1990 through 2018.

Year	Huntley Park seine		Cole Rivers Hatchery		Adult Coho Salmon run size			
	Fin-marks (<i>R</i>)	Total (<i>C</i>)	Adult returns	Adult fin- marks (<i>M</i>)	Total		Wild	
					Estimate	95% CI	Estimate	95% CI
1990	1	58	452	103	3,363	4,581	3,109	4,404
1991	11	106	2,209	277	2,729	1,455	471	604
1992	4	91	1,338	168	3,422	2,917	2,224	2,352
1993	3	34	756	106	1,033	953	383	580
1994	91	173	6,590	5,564	11,577	1,624	4,364	997
1995	139	211	8,714	7,757	12,923	1,248	3,359	636
1996	204	362	7,921	6,940	13,520	1,221	4,824	729
1997	213	424	8,001	7,571	16,541	1,562	7,760	1,070
1998	79	165	2,921	2,387	5,451	860	2,257	553
1999	108	163	4,381	3,742	6,194	673	1,389	319
2000	194	505	9,224	7,389	21,094	2,321	10,978	1,675
2001	352	848	12,759	9,837	26,028	2,075	12,015	1,410
2002	323	706	11,599	8,831	21,199	1,699	8,460	1,073
2003	169	449	6,656	4,842	14,101	1,672	6,805	1,162
2004	259	1,260	8,289	6,297	33,601	3,639	24,509	3,108
2005	146	519	4,876	3,930	15,296	2,094	9,957	1,690
2006	175	458	3,188	2,581	7,407	859	3,911	624
2007	87	345	2,085	1,713	7,411	1,337	5,136	1,113
2008	19	107	148	95	572	226	414	192
2009	12	80	503	449	3,084	1,536	2,566	1,401
2010	13	142	730	393	4,423	2,201	3,671	2,005
2011	25	172	1,086	778	5,702	2,020	4,545	1,804
2012	36	202	1,322	1,142	6,897	2,010	5,474	1,790
2013	17	154	1,911	1,394	13,209	5,737	11,210	5,285
2014	19	91	784	639	3,238	1,255	2,409	1,083
2015	16	65	1,540	1,332	5,692	2,331	4,072	1,972
2016	6	51	1,248	917	7,503	5,171	6,302	4,739
2017	22	147	836	764	5,412	2,033	4,526	1,859
2018	9	354	326	219	8,591	5,249	8,266	5,149

APPENDIX D

Table D-1. Site status of 2018 GRTS samples in the Lower Columbia River Coho ESU by TRT population. Target sites fell within Coho Salmon spawning habitat; response sites were successfully surveyed and non-response sites were not surveyed because of issues such as lack of landowner permission, site inaccessibility, or gaps in survey effort usually from stream turbidity. Non-target sites are outside of Coho Salmon spawning habitat. Average is for 2013 to 2017.

Stratum	Population	Target response				Target non-response				Non-target			
		2018	Avg.	Min	Max	2018	Avg.	Min	Max	2018	Avg.	Min	Max
Coast	Youngs Bay	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Big Creek	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Clatskanie	21	20	11	23	8	6	0	16	1	2	1	3
	<i>Plympton</i>	1	2	1	2	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Scappoose	14	16	13	18	0	15	10	23	1	1	0	2
	Total	36	36	27	40	29	21	14	39	2	2	1	3
Cascade	Clackamas	21	21	15	30	19	16	11	23	0	0	0	1
	<i>Eagle Cr</i>	5	7	3	9	4	3	0	5	0	0	0	0
	Sandy	35	28	21	34	17	14	9	17	1	2	1	4
	Total	61	55	44	64	40	32	27	36	1	2	1	4
Gorge	Lower Gorge	1	3	0	6	5	3	2	6	0	0	0	1
	Hood	3	2	0	3	2	3	0	5	2	0	0	1
	Total	4	4	0	8	7	6	2	11	2	1	0	2
ESU Total		101	95	85	105	76	59	46	86	5	5	2	8

Table D-2. Site status of 2018 GRTS samples in the Oregon Coast Coho ESU by TRT population. Target sites fell within Coho Salmon spawning habitat; response sites were successfully surveyed and non-response sites were not surveyed because of issues such as lack of landowner permission, site inaccessibility, or gaps in survey effort usually from stream turbidity. Non-target sites are outside of Coho Salmon spawning habitat. Average is for 2013 to 2017.

Stratum	Population	Target response				Target non-response				Non-target			
		2018	Avg.	Min	Max	2018	Avg.	Min	Max	2018	Avg.	Min	Max
North Coast	Necanicum	18	16	11	21	3	5	1	11	0	2	1	5
	Nehalem	21	19	13	27	7	7	1	10	8	4	2	6
	Tillamook	25	20	14	27	3	8	3	10	2	6	0	20
	Nestucca	21	17	9	31	8	11	4	18	6	7	4	12
	NC Depend.	7	10	6	21	1	2	1	2	3	5	3	14
	Total	92	83	59	127	22	33	23	49	19	25	12	57
Mid-Coast	Salmon	11	11	7	17	12	13	8	17	0	1	0	6
	Siletz	26	20	12	29	1	7	2	12	5	5	2	9
	Yaquina	21	19	10	27	3	8	3	13	5	5	1	12
	Beaver	4	5	3	8	0	1	0	3	1	1	0	2
	Alesea	24	20	11	32	3	8	5	10	1	3	1	10
	Siuslaw	20	19	12	32	7	8	3	14	4	3	2	6
	MC Depend.	8	10	6	18	2	7	2	21	0	3	0	16
	Total	114	104	78	158	28	53	32	83	16	22	9	54
Lakes	Siltcoos	0	4	0	21	0	2	0	9	0	2	0	11
	Tahkenitch	0	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	8
	Tenmile	0	4	0	18	0	3	0	14	0	1	0	7
	Total	0	9	0	44	0	5	0	23	0	5	0	26
Umpqua	L. Umpqua	20	19	15	30	7	12	7	22	1	1	0	2
	M. Umpqua	14	15	6	22	14	18	11	29	1	3	1	6
	N. Umpqua	1	1	0	3	5	6	2	9	0	0	0	1
	S. Umpqua	20	18	9	30	10	14	8	17	3	4	1	13
	Total	55	53	30	84	36	50	33	70	5	8	3	21
Mid-South Coast	Coos	22	22	18	35	7	6	2	12	2	3	1	7
	Coquille	20	22	15	34	18	15	10	20	2	2	0	3
	Floras	5	12	1	22	27	17	6	24	3	3	1	5
	Sixes	4	9	3	19	10	9	2	16	1	1	0	2
	MS Depend.	6	2	0	3	7	11	4	18	7	5	2	9
	Total	57	67	41	109	69	57	48	64	15	13	5	26
ESU Total		318	317	229	522	155	198	159	272	55	74	33	184

Table D-3. Adult Coho Salmon counts, density (AUC/mile), and marked proportion information for valid GRTS surveys by population in the Lower Columbia River and Oregon Coast Coho ESUs during the 2018 spawning year. Averages in *italics* do not include data for all years.

Location ESU / <i>Stratum</i> / Population	Total Surveys	Survey Miles	Sample of marks * dead (live)	2018 Density	2013-17 Avg. Density	2018 % Marked	2013-17 Avg. % Marked
Lower Columbia River ESU							
<i>Coastal Stratum</i>							
Youngs Bay	0	--	--	--	--	--	--
Big Creek	0	--	--	--	--	--	--
Clatskanie River ^a	21	18.1	0 (13)	0.9	18.2	66.7%	6.4%
Plympton Creek	1	1.0	0 (11)	10.4	39.1	62.5%	77.7%
Scappoose Creek	14	9.4	6 (25)	2.8	12.7	0.0%	1.2%
<i>Cascade Stratum</i>							
Clackamas River ^a	21	15.6	1 (18)	0.9	6.9	20.0%	11.1%
Eagle Creek	5	5.3	4 (59)	9.8	16.9	61.0%	78.5%
Sandy River	35	31.6	33	4.4	19.1	9.1%	5.5%
<i>Gorge Stratum</i>							
Lower Gorge	1	0.5	0 (4)	5.2	64.7	0.0%	23.9%
Hood River	3	3.0	4 (166)	43.0	135.0	28.4%	53.6%
Oregon Coast ESU							
<i>North Coast Stratum</i>							
Necanicum River	18	11.4	11	5.7	33.7	0.0%	1.3%
Nehalem River	21	17.9	11	9.5	23.1	0.0%	1.2%
Tillamook Bay	25	17.2	6 (117)	8.1	36.2	0.0%	2.0%
Nestucca River	21	15.5	12	8.1	23.0	0.0%	0.7%
NC Dependents	7	4.4	0 (8)	6.6	32.0	0.0%	0.5%
<i>Mid-Coast Stratum</i>							
Salmon River	11	8.6	1 (19)	2.0	28.7	0.0%	3.4%
Siletz River	26	19.3	24	28.7	48.8	0.0%	0.1%
Yaquina River	21	13.4	14	27.8	57.3	0.0%	0.7%
Beaver Creek	4	2.1	1 (99)	49.2	181.9	0.0%	0.1%
Alsea River	24	17.8	21	19.5	41.2	0.0%	0.0%
Siuslaw River	20	11.6	21	11.5	26.3	0.0%	0.0%
MC Dependents	8	7.8	0 (20)	4.8	8.3	0.0%	1.8%
<i>Lakes Stratum</i>							
Siltcoos Lake	0	--	--	--	--	--	--
Tahkenitch Lake	0	--	--	--	--	--	--
Tenmile Lake	0	--	--	--	--	--	--
<i>Mid-South Coast Str.</i>							
Coos Bay	22	18.8	32	27.2	46.1	0.0%	0.0%
Coquille River	20	16.2	13	17.9	55.9	0.0%	0.1%
Floras Creek	5	1.9	0 (10)	7.5	21.0	0.0%	0.0%
Sixes River	4	3.3	0 (6)	5.6	9.0	0.0%	0.0%
MS Dependents	6	5.9	0 (1)	0.4	1.2	0.0%	0.9%
<i>Umpqua Stratum</i>							
Lower Umpqua	20	13.2	28	45.6	36.3	0.0%	0.2%
Middle Umpqua	14	11.6	11	8.2	11.6	0.0%	0.0%
North Umpqua	1	0.7	0 (0)	0.0	3.5		3.4%
South Umpqua	20	12.5	16	8.7	10.3	6.3%	11.8%

a = Stratified sampling. Results for population excluding the sub-area listed below.

* = Used carcass (i.e. dead) sample only if greater than 10, otherwise use both live and dead sample.

Table D-4. Percent of selected GRTS sites classified “Target Non-Response” in three main categories. No AUC - Site surveyed, but didn’t meet inclusion criteria for estimates. Denied - Sites not surveyed, lacked access permission. Inaccessible - Sites not surveyed, safety concerns or time required (greater than 3 hours). Average, minimum and maximum are for the period 2008 through 2017.

ESU	Strata	Population	No AUC				Denied				Inaccessible			
			2018	Avg.	Min.	Max.	2018	Avg.	Min.	Max.	2018	Avg.	Min.	Max.
LCR	Coastal	Youngs Bay	n.a.	8.2%	0.0%	24.1%	n.a.	3.2%	0.0%	8.7%	n.a.	1.7%	0.0%	8.7%
LCR	Coastal	Big Creek	n.a.	22.0%	0.0%	37.5%	n.a.	3.3%	0.0%	8.3%	n.a.	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
LCR	Coastal	Clatskanie River	9.7%	17.2%	0.0%	42.3%	16.1%	3.8%	0.0%	8.3%	0.0%	1.6%	0.0%	4.5%
LCR	Coastal	Scappoose Creek	4.8%	9.9%	3.4%	13.8%	31.0%	20.9%	10.3%	45.2%	2.4%	0.9%	0.0%	5.7%
LCR	Cascade	Clackamas River	11.0%	23.3%	9.5%	37.8%	15.1%	11.0%	2.9%	25.6%	1.4%	1.5%	0.0%	7.5%
LCR	Cascade	Sandy River	3.3%	8.7%	0.0%	28.2%	11.5%	1.9%	0.0%	7.0%	13.1%	10.4%	4.8%	21.4%
LCR	Gorge	Lower Gorge	0.0%	3.3%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	10.0%	0.0%	100.0%
LCR	Gorge	Hood River	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	8.3%	3.3%	0.0%	16.7%	0.0%	14.8%	0.0%	100.0%
OC	N Coast	Necanicum River	0.0%	6.4%	0.0%	25.8%	0.0%	3.5%	0.0%	10.3%	9.5%	7.8%	0.0%	19.2%
OC	N Coast	Nehalem River	0.0%	23.6%	0.0%	66.7%	2.8%	1.1%	0.0%	5.1%	8.3%	3.0%	0.0%	5.9%
OC	N Coast	Tillamook Bay	3.3%	13.4%	0.0%	47.7%	6.7%	6.0%	2.0%	13.3%	0.0%	6.8%	0.0%	15.6%
OC	N Coast	Nestucca River	2.9%	21.0%	3.1%	41.9%	2.9%	7.3%	2.1%	12.5%	17.1%	5.2%	0.0%	10.4%
OC	N Coast	NC Dependents	0.0%	4.0%	0.0%	15.4%	9.1%	6.7%	2.6%	13.3%	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%	3.2%
OC	Mid-Coast	Salmon River	26.1%	21.3%	0.0%	47.6%	8.7%	6.3%	0.0%	11.5%	17.4%	17.6%	0.0%	31.0%
OC	Mid-Coast	Siletz River	0.0%	13.5%	2.1%	36.6%	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%	4.9%	2.4%	5.2%	2.1%	9.1%
OC	Mid-Coast	Yaquina River	0.0%	12.7%	0.0%	26.8%	6.9%	10.9%	6.5%	18.0%	3.4%	2.7%	0.0%	10.5%
OC	Mid-Coast	Beaver Creek	0.0%	13.1%	0.0%	35.7%	0.0%	5.4%	0.0%	16.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
OC	Mid-Coast	Alsea River	0.0%	7.4%	0.0%	15.0%	10.3%	14.2%	8.5%	23.5%	0.0%	1.7%	0.0%	6.9%
OC	Mid-Coast	Siuslaw River	3.2%	16.5%	0.0%	51.3%	9.7%	6.8%	2.4%	13.3%	3.2%	5.8%	3.3%	9.5%
OC	Mid-Coast	MC Dependents	0.0%	13.0%	0.0%	21.8%	20.0%	11.8%	3.6%	22.2%	0.0%	2.3%	0.0%	6.1%
OC	Lakes	Siltcoos Lake	n.a.	3.8%	0.0%	20.0%	n.a.	19.2%	11.1%	36.4%	n.a.	6.5%	3.0%	11.1%
OC	Lakes	Tahkenitch Lake	n.a.	6.3%	0.0%	30.8%	n.a.	5.5%	0.0%	15.4%	n.a.	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
OC	Lakes	Tenmile Lake	n.a.	3.3%	0.0%	13.3%	n.a.	28.9%	18.2%	43.3%	n.a.	7.7%	2.6%	15.2%
OC	Mid-S Coast	Coos Bay	3.2%	13.2%	0.0%	62.2%	16.1%	9.5%	4.7%	14.0%	0.0%	2.2%	0.0%	6.7%
OC	Mid-S Coast	Coquille River	5.0%	11.1%	0.0%	36.7%	20.0%	22.5%	14.8%	28.3%	7.5%	8.4%	1.9%	15.0%
OC	Mid-S Coast	Floras Creek	40.0%	22.6%	0.0%	51.9%	25.7%	26.3%	17.2%	31.3%	11.4%	4.9%	2.9%	11.8%
OC	Mid-S Coast	Sixes River	53.3%	26.2%	0.0%	63.2%	6.7%	16.0%	5.0%	26.3%	6.7%	7.3%	0.0%	11.8%
OC	Mid-S Coast	MS Dependents	0.0%	4.9%	0.0%	13.0%	35.0%	52.7%	40.9%	65.4%	0.0%	0.9%	0.0%	4.5%
OC	Umpqua	Lower Umpqua	3.6%	15.7%	7.4%	40.5%	10.7%	7.6%	2.4%	14.3%	7.1%	10.8%	7.1%	14.8%
OC	Umpqua	Middle Umpqua	20.7%	22.1%	7.7%	41.4%	20.7%	16.7%	7.7%	25.9%	0.0%	2.1%	0.0%	10.3%
OC	Umpqua	North Umpqua	66.7%	23.2%	0.0%	80.0%	16.7%	14.2%	0.0%	40.0%	0.0%	3.1%	0.0%	12.2%
OC	Umpqua	South Umpqua	0.0%	14.1%	0.0%	39.3%	15.2%	15.7%	8.5%	25.8%	9.1%	5.0%	0.0%	8.5%

